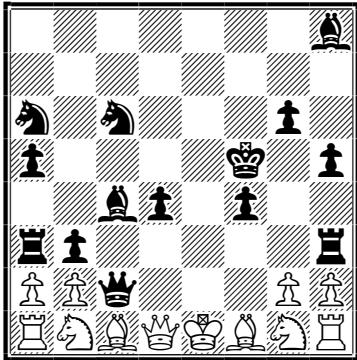


H003-1 Baier, Silvio – **10,5** points
Die Schwalbe, 2020



PG 26,0

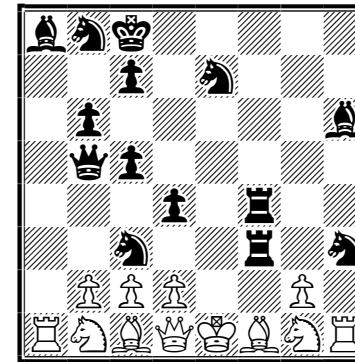
12+14

1.d4 b5 2.d5 b4 3.d6 b3 4.d:c7 d5
5.c4 ♜e6 6.c8 ♜d4 7.♘b6 a:b6
8.c5 ♜a3 9.c6 ♜a6 10.c7 ♜d7
11.c8 ♜c7 12.f4 ♜c2 13.f5 ♜c4
14.f6 ♜e6 15.f:e7 f5 16.e8 ♜f4
17.♗g6 h:g6 18.♗c5 ♜h3 19.♗h5 g:h5
20.e4 g6 21.e5 ♜f5 22.e6 ♜g7
23.e7 ♜h8 24.e8 ♜e7 25.♗a4 ♜c6
26.♗a5+ (C+) b:a5

FPG notation: (ZZ & CF)(QS) & (ZZ & CF)(RB)

The first proof game with two zig-zag pawns, which capture four Ceriani-Frolkin pieces. White AUW.

H003-2 Baier, Silvio – **9** points
StrateGems, 2019
2nd Prize



PG 29,5

C+

12+14

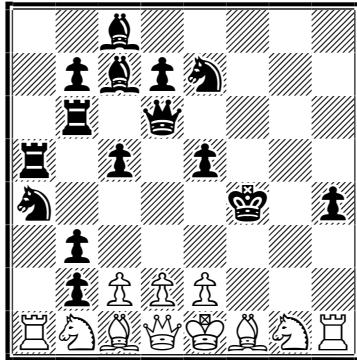
1.h4 d5 2.h5 ♜d7 3.h6 ♜d8 4.h:g7 h5
5.e4 h4 6.e5 h3 7.e6 h2 8.e:f7 e5
9.f4 ♜e7 10.g8 ♜h3 11.♗g4 ♜h6
12.f8 ♜b5 13.♗d7 h:g1 ♜d1
14.♗b6 a:b6 15.f5 ♜a4 16.f6 ♜f4
17.a4 e4 18.a5 e3 19.a6 e2 20.a7 e:d1 ♜d1
21.a8 ♜c3 22.♗d1 ♜hf3
23.♗a3 ♜h3 24.♗c5 b:c5 25.f7 b6
26.f8 ♜b7 27.♗e6+ ♜c8 28.♗d4 ♜a8
29.♗e2 d4 30.♗g1

FPG notation: CF(Q,S) & PR(Q,S)

A monicolor harmonious combination of two Ceriani Frolkin pieces (queen and knight) and two Pronkin pieces (queen and knight).

Judge's comment: "A masterpiece – not only because the theme is so impressive (QS Pronkin and QS Ceriani-Frolkin), but, in particular, because the knight Pronkin is so challenging. The construction is deep and elaborate, the solution presents a large number of fine moves. Just a few examples (and there are many more): Not 3.– Qb5?!, because then 8.e:f7 would be checking. 13.– h:g1S! exactly on move 13. Not 22.Qa3?!. Try to find out the reasons why the solution is unique!".

H003-3 Baier, Silvio – 9 points
 Champagne Ty Rhodes, 2021
 1st Prize (Section A)



PG 28,0 C+ 11+15

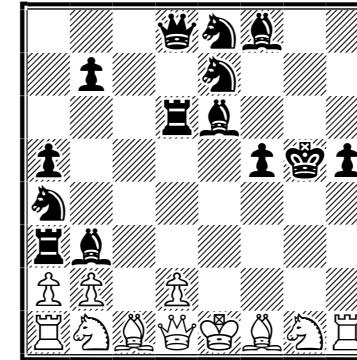
Theme: The same piece captures at least 2 promoted pieces.

Judge's comment: "A record of 4 promoted pieces captured by a unique piece (black Pawn f7). A clockwork piece where each promoted piece reaches its capture square in exactly 2 moves. No unthemational white move. A brilliant technical achievement!".

1.h4 a5 2.h5 a4 3.h6 a3 4.h:g7 a:b2
 5.a4 \blacksquare a6 6.a5 \blacksquare b6 7.a6 h5 8.a7 h4
 9.a8 \blacksquare \blacksquare h5 10. \blacksquare a2 \blacksquare a5 11.f4 e5
 12. \blacksquare e6+ f:e6 13.f5 \blacksquare f7 14.f6 \blacksquare g6
 15.f7 \blacksquare d6 16.f8 \blacksquare \blacksquare a6 17. \blacksquare f3 \blacksquare f6
 18. \blacksquare d5 \blacksquare e7 19.g8 \blacksquare + \blacksquare f5 20. \blacksquare g4 e:d5
 21. \blacksquare c4 d:c4 22.g4+ \blacksquare f4 23.g5 \blacksquare c5
 24.g6 \blacksquare a4 25.g7 c5 26.g8 \blacksquare \blacksquare c7
 27. \blacksquare g3 \blacksquare d6 28. \blacksquare b3 c:b3

FPG notation: CF(Q,Q) & CF(R,R)

H003-4 Baier, Silvio – 8 points
 StrateGems, 2019
 1st Honourable Mention



PG 28,0 C+ 11+14

A monicolor monotype combination of two Ceriani-Frolkin queens captured by a zig-zag pawn and two Pronkin queens (one of them also captured).
 Judge's comment: "The theme (ZZ & CF)(QQ) & PR(QQ) is impressive. Out of a couple of similar problems, I liked this rendering most, because White promotes four times to queen, two Pronkin promoted pieces and two Ceriani- Frolkin promoted pieces, the latter being captured by a zig-zag capture".

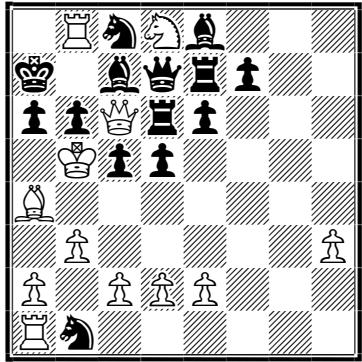
1.h4 d5 2.h5 d4 3.h6 d3 4.h:g7 h5
 5.f4 \blacksquare h6 6.f5 \blacksquare d6 7.f6 d:c2 8.f:e7 f5
 9.e4 \blacksquare f6 10.g8 \blacksquare c:d1 \blacksquare 11. \blacksquare g4 \blacksquare b3
 12. \blacksquare d1 c5 13.g4 c4 14.g5 c3 15.g6 c2
 16.g7 c:d1 \blacksquare 17.g8 \blacksquare \blacksquare c3 18. \blacksquare g4 \blacksquare f7
 19. \blacksquare d1 \blacksquare g6 20.e8 \blacksquare + \blacksquare g5
 21. \blacksquare b5 \blacksquare c6 22. \blacksquare b6 a:b6 23.e5 \blacksquare a3
 24.e6 \blacksquare a4 25.e7 \blacksquare ce6 26.e8 \blacksquare \blacksquare e7
 27. \blacksquare b5 \blacksquare e8 28. \blacksquare a5 b:a5

FPG notation: (ZZ & CF)(QQ) & PR(QQ)

H189-1 Baibikov, Dmitrij – 9,75 points

8th FIDE World Cup, 2020

2nd Prize



Release
the position 12+14

8.g6-g7 ♜g1-h3 9.g5-g6 ♜h3-g1 10.g4-g5 ♜g1-h3 11.♗b4-a6 ♜h3-g1 12.♗d3-b4
♜g1-h3 13.♗f4-d3 ♜h3-g1 14.♗h5-f4 ♜g1-h3 15.♗f6-h5 ♜h3-g1 16.♗g8-f6
♜g1-h3 17.g7-g8 ♜h3-g1 18.g6-g7 ♜g1-h3 19.g5-g6 g2-g1 20.f4:♗g5 g3-g2
21.f3-f4 h4:♗g3 22.♗e5-g3 h5-h4 23.♗b2-e5 h6-h5 24.♗c1-b2 h7-h6 25.b2-b3
g6-g5 26.♗b3-a4 g7-g6 27.♔a4-b5 etc.

For the first time, Ceriani chain (bPxwQxbSxwS) is realized with uncaptures of 3 promoted pieces (QSs). It's interesting that thematic uncaptures occur on the same square and in exact retroplay.

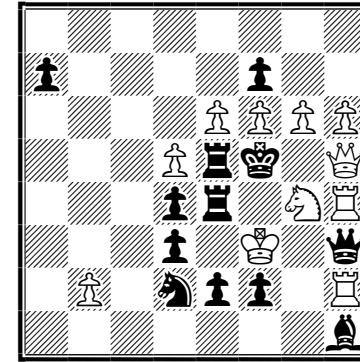
Retro: 1...b7:♚a6#! (1...b7:♝a6#?

2.g2:♝h3 – illegal, since balances of sides are closed and arisen position is released only after retract of white dark-squared Bishop at home, however it's impossible because uncapture a7:Bb6 cannot occur earlier than retroknot is released) 2.♚a5:♝a6+!
♝b4:♝a6! 3.h2-h3 ♜d3-b4 and further
4.♗b4-a5 ♜f2-d3 5.♗g4-b4 ♜h3-f2
6.♗g8-g4 ♜g1-h3 7.g7-g8 ♜h3-g1
(7...g2-g1? 8.g6-g7 g3-g2 9.g5-g6
h4:♝g3 10.♝e5-g3 h5-h4 11.♝b2-e5
h6-h5 12.♝c1-b2 h7-h6 13.b2-b3 ??
14.♝b3-a4 ?? 15.♔a4-b5 – illegal, since
Black lacks for 2 tempos)

H189-2 Baibikov, Dmitrij – 9 points

9th FIDE World Cup, 2021

1st Prize



Add units 11+12
and release the position

is needed to add white piece on g2, which, after unpinning, could reach square c8 and add black piece on g5, which will be able to unpin white piece on g2.

Additions: w♚g2, w♝g3, b♝g5.

Sides' balances:

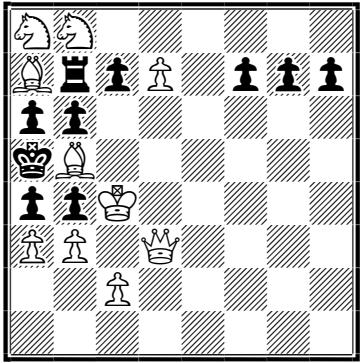
- White: 11 (on diagram) + 2 (added) + 3 (were captured by black Pawns: c:d, g:f, h:g) = 16
- Black: 12 (on diagram) + 1 (added) + 3 (were captured by white Pawns: a:b, d:e, e:d) = 16

Retro: 1...♝f1-d2+ 2.♝f4-g3 ♜g3-f1+ 3.♝c1-g5! ♜d2-g5 4.g5-g6+ and further
4...♛e1-d2 5.♝d2-c1 ♛f1-e1 6.♝b4-d2 ♛g1-f1 7.♝d6-b4 ♛f1-g1 8.♝b8-d6
♛g1-f1 9.b7-b8 ♛f1-g1 10.b6-b7 ♛g1-f1 11.b5-b6 ♛f1-g1 12.b4-b5 ♛g1-f1
13.b3-b4 ♛f1-g1 14.a2:♝b3 ♛g1-f1 and now tempoplay starts 15.♛f1-g2 g2-g1
+ 16.♛c1-f1 b4-b3 17.♛c8-c1 b5-b4 18.c7-c8 ♛b6-b5 19.c6-c7 b7-b6 20.c5-c6
e3-e2 21.c4-c5 c5:♝(♝) d4 etc.

For the first time, addition of 3 promoted pieces is realized without stipulation pressure.

Last move: 1...♝~d2+. So, minimum 3 units need to be added on squares g2, g3 and g5 for preventing illegal checks. If add only black pieces, sides' balances will be closed, but after 1...♝~d2+ retrostalemate to White. So, white piece must be added on square g3 for unpinning it after 1...♝f1-d2+ 2.X~g3
♝g3-f1+. This white piece can be only Bishop. After additions w♝g3 and 2 black pieces (for example, b♝g5 and bSg2) sides' balances will be closed too, but after 1...♝f1-d2+ 2.♝f4-g3 ♜g3-f1+ 3.♝d2-f4 ♛f4-g5 4.g5-g6+ turn out, that retro-free dark-squared w♝d2 cannot reach square c8 for unpromotion. So, it

H189-3 Baibikov, Dmitrij – 9 points
 Champagne Ty Rhodes, 2021
 1st Prize (Section B)

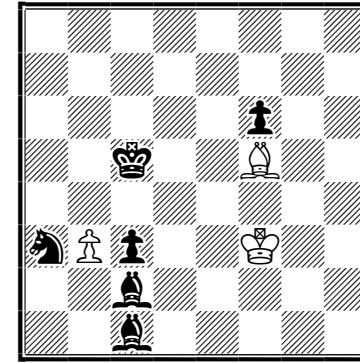


White to move 10+10
 History of black Pawns a4 and b4?

Echo-ways (Pd7×Rc6×Sb5×Sa4 and Pe7×Rd6×Sc5×Sb4) with Ceriani Quartex (SSSS).

Retro: 1...c5: \square b4 2. \square d4-c4 (2.d6-d7? - retrostalemate to Black) 2...d6: \square c5+ 3. \square c4-b5 b5: \square a4 and further 4. \square d5-b4 c6: \square b5 5. \square f6-d5 \square b4-a5 6.a2-a3+, then: \square e8-f6, e7-e8 \square , f6: \square e7, \square e7 to h8, g5: \square f6, \square f6 to f8, \square c5 to e8, e7-e8 \square , \square e7 to e2, \square b5 to e8, e7-e8 \square , \square e7 to e3, \square a4 to e8, e7-e8 \square , e6-e7, e7: \square d6 and position unlocks (further d7: \square c6)

H189-4 Baibikov, Dmitrij – 8,25 points
 feenschach, 2021



-43 & #1 (Proca) 3+6
 Anti-Circe

27. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 28. \square e4: \square d5(+w \square e1) \square d8-e7+ 29. \square e3-e4 \square e7-d8+ 30. \square f2-e3 \square d1-d2+ 31. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 32. \square g4: \square h5(+w \square e1) \square f7-h5+!
 (32... \square g6-h5?/ \square e8-h5+? 33. \square f3-g4 \square d8-e7+ 34. \square f2-f3 \square d1-d2+ 35. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 36. \square f7: \square e8(+w \square e1)/ \square d6: \square d7(+w \square e1) \square h7-g6+/ \square c7-d7++ 37. \square e6-f7/ \square c8-f5 & 1. \square d7#) 33. \square f3-g4 \square d8-e7+ 34. \square e3-f3! \square e7-d8+ 35. \square f2-e3 \square d1-d2+ 36. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 37. \square g4: \square h5(+w \square e1) \square g6-h5+ 38. \square f3-g4 \square d8-e7+ 39. \square f2-e3 \square d1-d2+ 40. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 41. \square e6: \square d7(+w \square e1)! \square e8-f7+ 42. \square d6-e6 \square c7-d7++ 43. \square c8-f5 & 1. \square d7#

Tries:

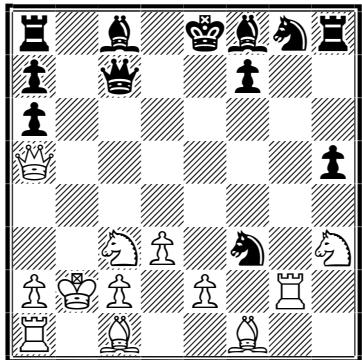
- 1) 9. \square e1-e2? d3-d2+ 10. \square e1: \square d1(+w \square e1) \square d2-d1+ & 1...c1 \square # – forward defense.
- 2) 11. \square e2: \square d2(+w \square e1)? d4-d3+ 12. \square e1-e2 d3-d2+ 13. \square d7: \square e8(+w \square e1) & 1. \square c6+ \square b4! – no solution.
- 3) 41. \square e6: \square e7(+w \square e1)? \square e8-f7+ 42. \square d6-e6 \square a7-b8+! 43. \square c8-f5 & 1. \square d7+ \square e1! – no solution. The second Anti-Circe Proca defensive retrector with the same length record, but with more economical position.

Also the maximal index: number of uncaptures (10) x number of retractions (43) = 430. Compare with #5 (13 x 30 = 390) and C (11 x 38 = 418).

Retract 1. \square e3-f3 \square b2-c1+ 2. \square d3-e3 \square d1-c2+ 3. \square d2-d3 c4-c3+ 4. \square c3-d2 \square c1-b2+ 5. \square d2-c3 \square b2-c1+ 6. \square c3-d2 \square c1-b2+ 7. \square d2-c3 c2-c1 \square + 8. \square e2-d2 d2-d1 \square + 9. \square d1-e2! c3-c2+ 10. \square e1-d1 d3-d2+ 11. \square e1: \square d1(+w \square e1) \square d2-d1+ 12. \square f2: \square g2(+w \square e1) \square d1-d2+ 13. \square f1-f2 \square a8-g2++ 14. \square e1-f1 \square d2-d1+ 15. \square f2: \square f1(+w \square e1) \square d1-d2+ 16. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 17. \square e4: \square f4(+w \square e1) \square c6-c5+ 18. \square e3-e4 \square b8-f4++ 19. \square f2-e3 \square d1-d2+ 20. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 21. \square g2: \square f3(+w \square e1) f4-f3+ 22. \square f2-g2 \square d1-d2+ 23. \square e1-f2 \square d2-d1+ 24. \square d4: \square c5(+w \square e1) \square d7-c6+ 25. \square e3-d4 \square e7-d7+ 26. \square f2-e3 \square d1-d2+

H176-1 Prentos, Kostas – 8 points3rd TT Murfatlar, 2020-21

Special Prize



PG 11,5

12+12

Point Reflection

Glasgow

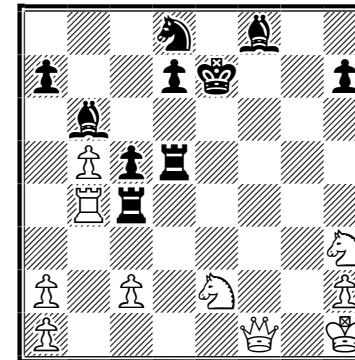
Schnoebelen AUW by one side (bqrs) in extremely condensed and economical form. This task is impossible to achieve in orthodox chess.

Point Reflection: When two pieces of either color stand on squares symmetrical with respect to the central point of the chessboard (e.g., b3-g6), they exchange their roles (power of movement). A Pawn (or a Pawn-reflected piece) on the first rank cannot move by itself. Only non-reflected K and R can castle, and only non-reflected Pawns can capture en passant.

Glasgow: The pawns promote on the seventh (for white) or second rank (for black), instead of the eight/first ranks.

H176-2 Prentos, Kostas – 8,5 points3rd TT Murfatlar, 2020-211st Prize

- 1.b4 f5 2. \mathbb{Q} b2 g7:b2 3. \mathbb{Q} c3 b1= \mathbb{Q}
- 4.b5 \mathbb{Q} :g2 5. \mathbb{Q} :g2 b7:g2 6.e4 \mathbb{Q} g8
7. \mathbb{Q} ce2 \mathbb{Q} c4 8. \mathbb{Q} :b1 g:h1=
9. \mathbb{Q} b4 \mathbb{Q} d5
10. \mathbb{Q} h3 f5:f2+ 11. \mathbb{Q} :h1 f1=
- 12.e4:e7
13. \mathbb{Q} b6 13.e:d8=
14. \mathbb{Q} :f1 c7-c5
- 15.d2-e1 \mathbb{Q} c6 16.e1-a1 \mathbb{Q} :d8



PG 16

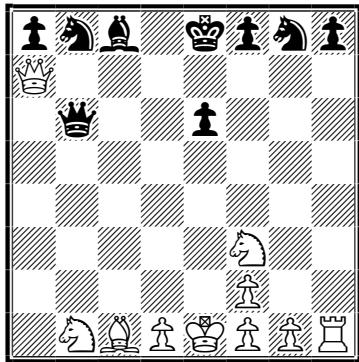
10+10

Point Reflection

Schnoebelen AUW (qbsR). The type of promoted pieces is determined by moves of the reflected pieces and in two cases (B & R), also by the position of the opposing King.

H176-3 Prentos, Kostas – 9 points

Julia's Fairies, 2020

1st Prize

PG 10,5

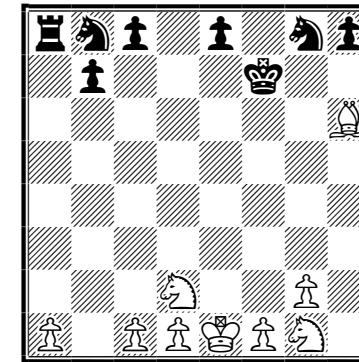
Transmission Menace

10+9

- 1.a3 e6 2.a3:f8=Q+ h7:f8
 3.h2:h8=Q a7:a1=Q 4.c2:a1 f7:h8
 5.a1:a8=Q c7:a8 6.Q:a4 Q:b6
 7.Q:a7 b7:g2 8.Q:f3 g:f1=Q+
 9.d2:f1 d7-d1=Q+ 10.b2:d1 g7-g1=Q
 11.e2:g1

H176-4 Prentos, Kostas – 7,5 points

Phénix, 2020



PG 13

Self-Capture Chess

9+8

- 1.e4 a6 2.Q:a6[-wQ:a6, +bQ:f1=Q]
 Q:d2[-bQ:d2, +wQ:f1] 3.Q:d7[-wQ:d7, +bQ:d1=Q] Q:b2[-bQ:b2, +wQ:d1] 4.h3 Q:h3[-bQ:h3, +wQ:c8=Q]
 5.Q:h7[-wQ:h7, +bQ:h1=Q] Q:f2[-bQ:f2, +wQ:h1] 6.Q:e7[-wQ:e7, +bQ:c8]
 Q:h1[-bQ:h1, +wQ:h8=Q] 7.Q:f7[-wQ:f7, +bQ:h8] Kf7 8.Q:h6 Q:e8 9.Q:d2
 Q:e4[-bQ:e4, +wQ:e8=Q]
 10.Q:g7[-wQ:g7, +bQ:e8] Q:g7 11.Q:c1
 Q:a1 12.c3 Q:c3[-bQ:c3, +wQ:a1]
 13.Q:c7[-wQ:c7, +bQ:c1=Q]
 Q:a2[-bQ:a2, +wQ:c1]

The judge Vlaicu Crișan wrote: 7 Knight Schnoebelen promotion is an extraordinary achievement, beating the previous record of 6 Knight Schnoebelen promotions. The fairy condition Transmission Menace is a very appropriate choice in facilitating this task rendering, each promoted Knight being subsequently captured by a Pawn. The clever placing of wQ on the 7th rank facilitates the fast Excelsior of three black Pawns, ensuring as well the order of promotions.

Transmission Menace: In addition to its normal moves, a piece can also move like any unit that threatens it.

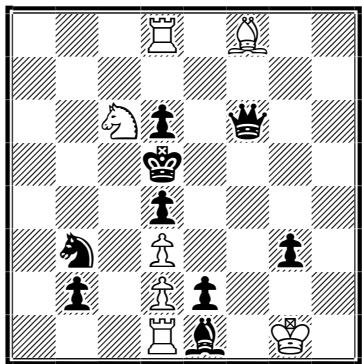
Seven active suicides of the promoted Knights (Specific Ceriani/Frolkin theme).

Self-Capture Chess (Échecs Auto-Capture): After a capture, the capturing piece is removed from the board and the captured piece is reborn on the departure square of the capturing piece. (=Kamikaze RI+PWC)

H094-1 Thoma, Andreas – 9,5 points

Die Schwalbe, 2019

1st Prize



$\blacksquare e7-f7+ (1) 24. \square f5-e6 \blacksquare f7-e7+ 25. \square e6-f5 \blacksquare e7-f7+ (2) 26. \square f5-e6 \blacksquare f7-e7+ 27. \square e6-f5 c7/e7: \blacksquare d6[\Delta d7] (\text{forced; 5. Pendel}) 28. \square a7-c5 \& fd: 1. \blacksquare c1\#$

- $\mathbb{Q}f2-f1 \mathbb{W}f7-f6+(1) 2.\mathbb{Q}e3-f2 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+$
- $3.\mathbb{Q}f2-e3 \mathbb{W}f7-e7+(2) 4.\mathbb{Q}e3-f2$
- $\mathbb{W}e7-f7+ 5.\mathbb{Q}f2-e3 g4-g5+(forced;$
1. Pendel) $6.\mathbb{Q}g7-f8 \mathbb{W}f8-e7+ 7.\mathbb{Q}f3-f2$
- $\mathbb{W}f7-f8 (1) 8.\mathbb{Q}e3-f3 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+ 9.\mathbb{Q}f3-e3$
- $\mathbb{W}f7-e7+ (2) 10.\mathbb{Q}e3-f3 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+$
11. $\mathbb{Q}f3-e3 g5-g4+(forced; 2.$ Pendel)
12. $\mathbb{Q}g3-f3 \mathbb{W}f8-e7+ 13.\mathbb{Q}f4-g3 \mathbb{W}f7-f8+$
- (1) 14. $\mathbb{Q}e3-f4 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+ 15.\mathbb{Q}f4-e3$
- $\mathbb{W}f7-e7+ (2) 16.\mathbb{Q}e3-f4 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+$
17. $\mathbb{Q}f4-e3 g6-g5+(forced; 3.$ Pendel)
18. $\mathbb{Q}e5-f4 \mathbb{Q}c5-d5+(1) 19.\mathbb{Q}f5-e5$
- $\mathbb{W}f7-e7+ 20.\mathbb{Q}e5-f5 \mathbb{W}e7-f7+ (2)$
21. $\mathbb{Q}f5-e5 \mathbb{W}f7-e7+ 22.\mathbb{Q}e5-f5 d7-d6+(forced; 4.$ Pendel)
23. $\mathbb{Q}e6-e5$

Task: 5 white draw-pendulums.