

14th International Solving Contest 2018

Category 2 — Round 1 — Solutions

1) Leopold Szwedowski, 2nd prize <i>Problemas</i> , 1962 (#2)	
1. $\mathbb{W}g7!$	5,0
2) Charles D. Locock, <i>Hackney Mercury</i> , 1892 (#2)	
1. $\mathbb{B}g7!$	5,0
3) Henry William Butler, <i>British Chess Magazine</i> , 1881 (#3)	
1. $\mathbb{Q}d1!$	
> 2. $\mathbb{Q}e2+$	@
1... $\mathbb{Q}xc3$ 2. $\mathbb{W}b4+$	@
1... $\mathbb{Q}e3$ 2. $\mathbb{W}f4+$	@
@ = 2,0 / 3,5 / 5,0	
4) Ronald Turnbull, commendation <i>British Chess Magazine</i> , 1994 (#5)	
1. $\mathbb{Q}a1!$ (> 1... ~ 2. $\mathbb{Q}d3$ [#3]) 2. $\mathbb{Q}xa1$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}b3+$ $\mathbb{Q}b1$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}a1$ $\mathbb{Q}xa1$ 4. $\mathbb{W}xd4$	5,0
5) Daniel Keith & Martin Minski, Original for ISC, 2018 (=)	
1. g7	1,0
1... $\mathbb{Q}b5+$ 2. $\mathbb{Q}c5$ $\mathbb{B}xg7$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}e6$	1,0
3... $\mathbb{B}b7$ 4. a6	1,0
4... $\mathbb{Q}xa6$ 5. $\mathbb{Q}c6$ $\mathbb{B}a7$ 6. $\mathbb{Q}b6$	1,0
6... $\mathbb{B}e7$ 7. $\mathbb{Q}c7+$ $\mathbb{Q}d8$ 8. $\mathbb{Q}xa6=$	1,0
* 3. $\mathbb{Q}xb5?$ $\mathbb{B}xg5+-$	
* 3... $\mathbb{B}e7$ 4. $\mathbb{Q}xb5$ $\mathbb{B}xe6$ 5. a6 $\mathbb{Q}d8$ 6. a7=	
* 6. $\mathbb{Q}c7+?$ $\mathbb{Q}d8+-$	
6) Aurél Kárpáti, 1st honourable mention <i>Magyar Sakkélet</i> , 1968 (H#2)	
I) 1. $\mathbb{Q}b7$ e8 \mathbb{Q} 2. $\mathbb{Q}a8$ $\mathbb{Q}c6\#$	@
II) 1. $\mathbb{Q}d7$ e8 \mathbb{B} 2. $\mathbb{Q}e7$ $\mathbb{B}d8\#$	@
III) 1. $\mathbb{Q}f6$ e8 \mathbb{Q} 2. $\mathbb{Q}d7$ $\mathbb{Q}d6\#$	@
IV) 1. $\mathbb{Q}b7$ e8 \mathbb{W} 2. $\mathbb{Q}a6$ $\mathbb{W}a8\#$	@
@ = 1,0 / 2,5 / 4,0 / 5,0	

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- 7) Bogusz Piliczewski, 2nd prize *The Problemist*, 1994/II (#2)
1. $\mathbb{Q}e3!$ 5,0
- 8) Rainer Paslack, 2nd prize *Die Schwalbe*, 2003 (#2)
1. $\mathbb{Q}f5!$ 5,0
- 9) Nikolay Malakhov, 1st prize *Shakhmatny Listok JT*, 1931 (#3)
1. $\mathbb{W}d1!$
 > 1...b3 (threat) 2. $\mathbb{W}c1$ @
 1...bxc3 2. $\mathbb{W}a1$ @
 1...bxa3 2. $\mathbb{Q}h3$ @
 @ = 2,0 / 3,5 / 5,0
- 10) Franz Schrüfer, *Münchener Neueste Nachrichten*, 1900 (#4)
1. $\mathbb{Q}a1!$
 1...axb3 2.a4 $\mathbb{Q}xc4$ 3. $\mathbb{Q}d1$ 2,5
 1...a3 2. $\mathbb{Q}d3$ axb2 3.a3+ 2,5
- 11) Hugh Blandford, 1st prize *Springaren*, 1949
1. $\mathbb{Q}d4+$ 1,0
1... $\mathbb{Q}a8$ 2.c4 1,0
2... $\mathbb{Q}d2$ 3.c5 $\mathbb{Q}b3$ 4.c6 1,0
4... $\mathbb{Q}a5$ 5.c7 $\mathbb{Q}c6$ 6.c8# 2,0
* 4... $\mathbb{Q}xd4$ 5.c7 $\mathbb{Q}b5$ 6.c8#? (6.c8#? $\mathbb{Q}b7$)
* 6. $\mathbb{Q}xc6$?; 6.c8#? $\mathbb{Q}b8+$ 7. $\mathbb{Q}c7$
- 12) Rud Prytz, *Chemnitzer Tageblatt*, 1925 (S#2)
1. $\mathbb{Q}d2!$
 > 2. $\mathbb{W}g2+$ ($\mathbb{Q}xg2\#$) @
 1... $\mathbb{Q}b7$ 2. $\mathbb{W}b1+$ ($\mathbb{Q}xb1\#$) @
 1... $\mathbb{Q}c6$ 2. $\mathbb{W}c4+$ ($\mathbb{Q}xc4\#$) @
 1... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 2. $\mathbb{W}d3+$ ($\mathbb{Q}xd3\#$) @
 1... $\mathbb{Q}d5$ 2. $\mathbb{W}xf4+$ ($\mathbb{Q}xf4\#$) @
 1... f3 2. $\mathbb{W}e2+$ (fxe2#) @
 @ = 1,0 / 2,0 / 2,5 / 3,0 / 4,0 / 5,0
* 1. $\mathbb{W}g2+$? $\mathbb{Q}xe1$; 1. $\mathbb{Q}c3?$ $\mathbb{Q}b2$!