

The 6th FIDE World Cup in Composing

Section H – Retros and Proofgames

Final award by

Hans Gruber

MMXVIII

Participants

H01	A. Kuprin (UKR)
H02	A. Oganesjan (RUS)
H03	S. Vokal (SVK)
H04	N. Dupont (FRA)
H05	R. Osorio (ARG)
H06	O. Lysjanyi (UKR)
H07	H. Grudziński (POL)
H08	S. Baier (DEU)
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H09 E. Huber (ROU)

- H10 B. Graefrath (DEU)
- H11 P. Olin (FIN)
- H12 A. Storisteanu (CAN)
- H13 P. Rãican (ROU)
- H14 V. Crişan (ROU)
- H15 V. Syzonenko (UKR)
- H16 A. Frolkin (UKR)
- H17 M. Kozulya (UKR)

total of 17 problems competed – they were of extremely different quality. Some problems were trivial

and lacked any originality, but the prize-winners are on world-class level.

1st Prize – Gold medal ANDREY FROLKIN *Ukraine*



Release the position 14+14

The black pawns captured the two missing white pieces: e7:f6 and h:g. White captured one black piece on f3 (e2:f3), which was not the dark-squared black bishop. The white h-pawn promoted on h8 to bishop (without capturing). The black b-pawn promoted on b1 (without capturing), because it could not be sacrificed on f3. The white b-pawn captured the darksquared black bishop on the a-file and promoted on a8, because it could not be sacrificed on f6 or on the g-file. Thus the balances are closed; the cage is released through e7:f6, but only after the black darksquared bishop (having been uncaptured on the a-file) returned to f8. The last move was R 1.鬯f1h1+.

Now there is a logical try, the main plan, which fails to an obstacle. R 1.- b2-b1=2? 2.a7a8=2 b3-b2 3.a6-a7 b4-b3 4.a5-a6 b5-b4 6.b4:2a5 2b6-a5 7.b3-b4 2c5-b6 8.b2-b3 4f8-c5 (or 6.- b6b5 7.b3-b4 2b4-a5 8.b2-b3 4f8-b4, an unessential dual) 9.2g5-h5 e7:f6+. This would release the position, however, 9.2g5-h5?? is illegal, because there is a second check by the black 2h3.

order to overcome In the obstacle, a foreplan is played in which the black knight on h3 is replaced by a white knight. This creates a new obstacle. White's retro-stalemate. In order to overcome this obstacle, the white knight h6 has to be replaced by a black knight in addition: R 1.ac3-b1! 2.2b6-a8 2e4-c3 3.2d5**b6** 包d6-e4 4.2af4-d5 包g5-h3 5.包h3-f4+ (the obstacle is overcome!) 월f5-d6 6.월g8-h6 월h6f5+ (the new obstacle is overcome! Now the released knights take the diagram positions of the other pair knights) 7.일e7-g8 of 包e4-g5 8.2d5-e7 2c3-e4 9.2b6-d5 2b1c3 10.2a8-b6.

Now the diagram position (having retracted 1.營f1-h1+) returned, but with a white knight on h3 and a black knight on h6! Now the main plan works. 10.- b2b1= 2 11.a7-a8= 2 b3-b2 12.a6-a7 b4-b3 13.a5-a6 b5-b4 14.b4:Ba5 &b6-a5 15.b3-b4 &c5-b6 16.b2-b3 &f8-c5 17. 2g5-h5! e7: /2f6+.

The promoted knights are replaced with original ones (pseudo-anti-Pronkin theme), with a kind of exchange of knights' positions. This seems to be the first-ever cage-based retro with New-German logical play, with a a clear main plan and a clear foreplan. It is an ingenious idea to show such a manoeuvre in a helpplay retractor. An outstanding achievement of immense originality in a classical genre.

> 2nd Prize – Silver medal SILVIO BAIER (AFTER NICOLAS DUPONT) *Germany*



PG 33,0

13 + 11

1.f4 h5 2.f5 h4 3.f6 h3 4.fe7 h:g2 5.h4 g5 6.h5 g4 7.舀h4 g3 8.急h3 g1=急 9.急g2 急b6 10.急e4 g2 11.h6 g1=急 12.h7 急gc5 13.d4 d5 14.d:c5 d4 15.≌d2 d3 16.≌c3 d2 17.豐h1 d1=營 18.c:b6 營1d6 19.急d2 營a3+ 20.b:a3 f5 21. &b2 f4 22. 트g1 f3 23. 트g2 f2 24. 堂d1 f1=堂 25. 急f2 急h6 26. 急h1 트g8 27.h8=營 營f7 28. 堂d4 營b3+ 29.c:b3 營f7 30.e8=&+ 堂e6 31. &b5 c6 32. 堂a4 c:b5 33.b4 b:a4

Only very few examples exist of a six-fold rendering of the Ceriani-Frolkin theme in a proof game, this might even he the first presentation of a harmonic 2+4 Ceriani-Frolkin (white promotions: 盥+众; black romotions: ₩+₩+&+&). Only two nonthematic captures are needed to show this theme, ending in an open, fleet-footed diagram position. The absolute highlight, however, is the switchback of the white queen, with one of the most stunning moves I ever saw in a proof game: 17.\megh1!!

1st Honourable Mention -Bronze medal ROBERTO OSORIO Argentina



PG 24,5

11 + 15

Two white queen promotions, both queens perform the Pronkin theme. Promotions and moves to d1 occur only after the original queen was captured. Both Pronkin queens are captured by exactly that pawn which captured the original queen. The pawn promotes to bishop, and this bishop then is captured (Ceriani-Frolkin) so that no trace is left of the whole complex manoeuvre. An excellent and original presentation in a field which intensively has been investigated in recent years.

2nd Honourable Mention NICOLAS DUPONT *France*



PG 22,5

14 + 12

1.h4 a5 2.h5 a4 3.h6 a3 4.h:g7 h5 5.b4 \geq h6 6.g8= \cong h4 7. \equiv g7 \equiv g8 8. \equiv b2 a:b2 9.f4 \equiv a3 10.f5 \equiv d3 11. \geq a3 b1= \geq 12.f6 \geq c3 13.f:e7 f5 14.d:c3 \equiv f7 15. \leq g5 f4 16.e8= \equiv \geq f5 17. \equiv e3 \leq e7 18.g4 \cong f8 19. \equiv g3 h:g3 20. \geq f3 g2 21. \leq f2 g1= \leq +22. \leq g2 \leq c5 23.b:c5

A bicoloured Ceriani-Frolkin AUW in which the two thematic white promoted pieces are captured by the two thematic black pawns on their way to the promotion rank. A perfectly harmonious presentation of an ambitious theme.

3rd Honourable Mention VLAICU CRIȘAN *Romania*



-7 Proca Retractor & #1 5+8 AntiCirce Assassin

R 1.h5:Pg6 e. p. [+W & g2] g7g5+ 2.\$\$g5-h4 h7-h6+ 3.\$\$f5-g5! f4: & g3 e. p. [+B & g7, capturing B¤g7!]++ 4.g2-g4 ¤g4-g7+ 5.\$e5f5! e4:Pd3 e. p. [+B & d7, capturing **BEd7!]+** (4.- c4:Pd3 e. p.+? is illegal because of the opposition W & c7/B & c4which is not permitted in Anticirce; 4.– a2a1=&+? analogously is illegal because of the opposition W & a7/B & a2) 6.d2-d4 ₿d4-d7+ 7.c5:Pd6 e. p. [+W & d2, capturing forward: W 🛱 d 2!] 1. 🛱 :d4 & [+W a1, capturing B a1!]#

entertaining Anticirce An Assassin retractor adventure presenting a dense and ambitious programme: two white and two black passant en capture retractions! Three of them make of the fairv specific use feature that a second piece can be uncaptured in a move by the rebirth of the capturing piece. Two black rooks and one white rook thus magically appear on the board. Against its will, the black side is forced to uncapture rooks in order to be able to continue retracting after the (forced) retraction of the white pawn double step. Very appropriately, final forward the move also captures two black pieces. The mating move is played by a piece that appears only in White's last move.

> 1st Commendation MIKHAIL KOZULYA *Ukraine*



Last move? 3 sol. 13+14

Same (capital and small) letters represent the same types of pieces. There is a total of 27 pieces on the board, of which there is exactly one A/a, B/b, C/c each. There are 2+3 D/d, 5+4 E/e, 3+4 F/f. Pawns cannot be D/d, E/e, F/f, because they cannot stand on the 1st/8th rank. If queens were among D/d, E/e, F/f, a total of 11 promotions would have occurred. In order to achieve these, too many pawn captures would be required. (To check the balances, it has to be taken into account that the two pawns stand back-to-back.) Thus, D/d, E/e, F/f are rooks, bishops and knights. A/a, B/b, C/c are kings, queens and pawns. There exist three solutions (see diagrams); if kings are set as A/a (analogously for B/b and C/c), all other pieces can be determined. The pieces of each subset are cyclically arranged among the three solutions.

The last moves are uniquely determined: I b6-b7+; II f5-f6+; III d6-d7+.

A fine achievement, probably the first rebus with three solutions and three different last moves.



Solution 1

Solution 2



Solution 3



2nd Commendation PER OLIN *Finland*

Position A





Position B



A→B 27,5

7+13

1. &c4 b:c4 2. 單a6 急b5 3. 單f6 g:f6 4. 堂f2 &g7 5. 單e5 f:e5 6. 堂d4 e:d4 7. ②c3 d:c3 8. &b2 c:b2 9.f8= & &c3 10. &h6 舀d4 11. &c1 f4 12.h8= 堂+ &h3 13. 堂h5 ②h6 14. 堂d1 &g2 15.c8= & &h1 16. &h3 舀c8 17.a8= 舀 舀c5 18. 舀a1 營a8 19.e8=티 발a3 20. 트e1 요a7 21. 알e2 알g3 22. ዹf1 알g4 23.g7 알f5 24.g8=요 알e6 25. 요f6 요f5 26. 요e4 알d7 27. 요d2 알c8 28. 요b1

Six-fold Pronkin setting, an impressive achievement, although it is much easier in A-to-B chess than in an orthodox proof game. Nevertheless strong constructional skills are needed to find a scheme and an unique solution. 3rd Commendation ERIC HUBER *Romania*



PG 5,0 2 sol. 31 Undefined Pieces White is mate Parrain Circe

1.d4 e5 2.\2d2 \2f6 3.d:e5 \2:e5 [+B △ d4] 4. ≝: d4 [+W △ e7] ≝e3 5.營:d2 $[+B \land d2]+$ ≌:e2 [+B & d1=Q]# (impostors d1, d2, e2, e7) and 1.e4 d5 2.e:d5 e5 [+B \(\triangle d3)] 3.d:e6 e. p. 增d5 [+B & e2] 4.e7 增d7 5. &:e2 d:e2 [+B ≜ f1=Q]# (impostors d7. e2. e7. f1)

Echoed manoeuvres (Wthd1-d4d2 and Bthd8-d5-d7; mates with queen promotions by Circe Parrain rebirths on d1, f1; different white pawns on e7; change of impostors) in two nice solutions from a very funny diagram position in which all traces are nicely disguised.