

The 10th FIDE World Cup in Composing

$Section \ E-Helpmates$

Final award by

Marko Klasinc

Participants

E01 Vilkauskas A. (LTU)	E31 Dimitrov O. (BUL)
E02 Fomichev E.	E32 Feoktistov A.
E03 Skripnik A.	E33 Khramtsevich M.
E04 Majoros B. (HUN)	E34 Gurov V.
E05 Varitsky A.	E35 Svítek M. (CZE)
E06 Csák J. (HUN)	E36 Bašić B. (SRB)
E07 Uris M. (ESP)	E37 Libiš Z. (CZE)
E08 Danstrup N. (DEN)	E38 Shpakovsky A.
E09 Almammadov A. (AZE)	E39 Smolkin B. (CAN)
E10 Shorokhov B.	E40 Syzonenko V. (UKR)
E11 Hudák S. (SVK)	E41 Velikhanov K. (AZE)
E12 Albulescu M. (GBR)	E42 Kolesnik M. (UKR)
E13 Fica A. (CZE)	E43 Abdurahmanović F. (BIH)
E14 Javadzade S. (AZE)	E44 Lastivka V. (UKR)
E15 Khasanov U.	E45 Gavrilovski Z. (MKD)
E16 Zamanov V. (AZE)	E46 Vieira R. (BRA)
E17 Gasparyan A. (ARM)	E47 Pankratiev A.
E18 Delobel B. (FRA)	E48 Semenenko A. (UKR)
E19 Trommler S. (GER)	E49 Semenenko V. (UKR)
E20 Murashev P.	E50 Yarosh L.
E21 Bílý M. (CZE)	E51 Daga A. (IND)
E22 Labai Z. (SVK)	E52 Tura W. (POL)
E23 Mlynka K. (SVK)	E53 Yuzyuk V. (UKR)
E24 Paliulionis V. (LTU)	E54 Kovačević M. (SRB)
E25 Nefyodov V.	E55 Šušulić Z. (SRB)
E26 Yeghiazaryan A. (ARM)	E56 Nasyrov A.
E27 Mihajloski Z. (MKD)	E57 Radović S. (SRB)
E28 Stepochkin A.	E58 Karamanits A. (UKR)
E29 Milewski S. (POL)	E59 Marks U. (GER)
E30 Jordan R. (GER)	

received 59 helpmates from two to seven moves which already at the beginning means a difficulty how to distinguish them.

I hopefully found a balance in the award. I first made a preliminary selection and picked about 20 candidateproblems. Afterwards I tried to search in databases for possible similarities or even anticipations. I am not very familiar with databases but contrary to my expectations I was rather successful. Not in a respect of excluding problems but in learning what the searches within databases enable. On the other hand I didn't enjoy in finding a lot of problems which have affected the final result. It doesn't mean that involved problems from the WFC were all anticipated, some of them just ranked lower. Some of those consequently not included in the award still have a right of living for publication elsewhere; they just couldn't be awarded in such high class competition. Authors may decide themselves if quoted problems entirely anticipated their originals. My general approach to a problem for which a similar position or idea already exists is that it does not automatically lower its value. If a problem presents a good improvement in some elements it can also be high placed. On the other hand for problems which were seriously affected I tried to prove it since I don't like judge's comments like "I put a problem lower as I think I saw something like this earlier." I just hope that I didn't miss serious anticipations at the highest placed problems. With so many problems (and the same number of composers) it cannot be expected the average of quality to be very high but I am satisfied with the quality of the highest placed problems.

Authors themselves may compare what I found for some problems in databases WinChloe (WC), Die Schwalbe PDB (P) and YACPDB (Y):

E5 (h#3, \(\Delta\) h2-\(\Delta\) e6, 8+10), 4th HM: see the result of a JT which is not included in databases yet: http://magyarsakkszerzok.hu/kalot av 80 it award.pdf

E10 (h#4, $2e^2$ - $2a^2$, 5+15), 4th Pr.: WC703102, <u>P1358648</u>, <u>Y497773</u>

E17 (h#4, \$\ddots h8-\$\ddots d4, 3+10):

WC161628, P0577858

E30 (h#3.5, ☆d8-☆c4, 6+10), 3rd Pr.: WC63022, P0576246, Y79234

E34 (h#2, \$\dd1-\dd1-\dd1-1):

WC753518, <u>Y523829</u>

E38 (h#2, 호c3-호c5, 10+3): WC593610

E41 (h#4, \$\ddot\c5-\ddot\f4, 4+16), Comm.: WC433062

E42 (h#3, \$\documenture{c}c1-\documentsf5, 7+12), 2nd Pr.: WC173091; P1387250; Y542331

E43 (h#2, 호c7-호d5, 6+8), Sp. Pr.: WC287780, Y380159

E44 (h#3, ໘a7-໘b2, 3+13): WC846429

E45 (h#2, \$\documede e7-\$\documede c4\$, 10+9), 2nd HM: WC346085; P1102975

E47 (h#2, \$\frac{2}{2}\text{b8-\$\frac{2}{2}\text{e5}}\$, 8+10):

WC9504; <u>P0501064</u>; <u>Y43397</u>

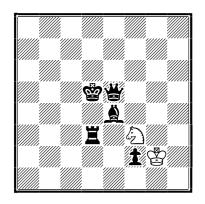
E51 (h#3, \$\ddot\delta\$a8-\$\ddot\delta\$e5, 7+5):

WC185159; P0569304

E58 (h#5, \(\dong\)g2-\(\dong\)d5, 2+5), 1st Pr.: WC620505, P1385314, Y465062

After claims on preliminary award, **E45** (2nd HM initially) was excluded in view of yacpdb/102508.

 ${
m E58-1^{st}}$ Prize, Gold medal ANATOLY KARAMANITS Ukraine



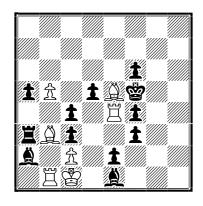
h#5 b)발e5 \rightarrow c4; c)발e5 \rightarrow d1 2+5 d)발g2 \rightarrow h4; e=d) \triangle e4 \rightarrow b6

- a) 1.\$\Delta f5 \Qquad f1 2.\Quad e4 \Quad e2 3.f1 \Quad \Quad 4.\Quad f4 \Quad \Quad b5 5.\Quad d4 \Quad e3#
- b) 1.f1增+ 增g3 2.增f2+ 增g4 3.增fc5 ag1 4.dd4 df4 5.&d5 ae2#
- c) 1.f1 \(\text{d} \text{g} 1 2. \(\text{d} 2 + \text{d} e 1 3. \text{d} 4 \) \(\text{d} h 2 4. \text{d} e 3 \text{d} g 3 5. \text{d} e 2 \(\text{d} c 2 # \)
- d) 1. #b2 #g5 2. #e2 2d2 3. #d4 #f6 4. #e3 #e5 5. \$\text{\$\text{\$4\$}}\$ 2c4#

I generally appreciate strategic problems more than geometric ones and I prefer multi solutions to twins as well. But this problem convinced me otherwise. Five ideal mates in five moves is a good achievement in itself. It's amazing how the author managed to include a huge extra value, all four black promotions. A use of twins (with a not so nice the last one) is a price that has been more than paid for. Apart of AUW a black Pawn in one

solution blocks without promotion. What a finding! I have found many problems of this type in databases, mostly shorter, but even one in six moves (another one anticipated with identical position) presenting ideal mates in four solutions, but without AUW, of course.

 ${
m E42-2^{nd}}$ Prize, Silver medal Mykola Kolesnik Ukraine

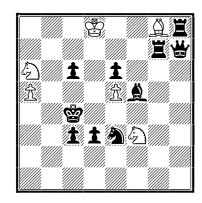


h#3 b) & d5→e6 7+12

- a) 1.\$\text{\Lambda}\$:b1 \$\mathbb{H}\$:c4 2.\$\text{\Lambda}\$:c2 \$\text{\Lambda}\$d4 \$3.\$\text{\Lambda}\$e4 \$\text{\Lambda}\$:c2#

A rich complex of passive Zilahi and white Grimshaw which is realized after critical moves by a Rook or a Bishop. An orthogonal-diagonal transformation in a good construction. Could it be realized with only one black capturing piece? In quoted h#3* active sacrifices are on the same square but Grimshaw is realized without critical moves. So I found just a minor similarity without affecting E42.

E30 – 3rd Prize, Bronze medal RAÚL JORDAN *Germany*



h#3.5

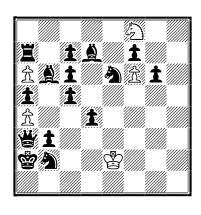
2 sol.

6+10

1... 2d4! (2g5?) 2. Eg4 2d4:e6 3. Ee4 2g5! (2d4?) 4. 2d4 2f3# 1... 2c5! (2c7?) 2. Eb7 2c5:e6 3. Eb5 2c7! (2c5?) 4. 2c5 2a6#

②-Rundlaufs are always attractive. I found about 200 examples but only about 15 with double white ②-Rundlaufs. Some of them presented openings of black lines as a motif for Rundlauf (see quoted problem) but none of them an opening of a white line as E30. Very fresh approach to an old idea in a dual avoidance form and a good construction.

E10 - 4th Prize BORIS SHOROKHOV



h#4

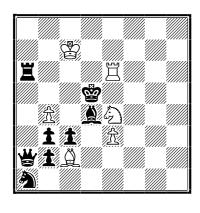
b) w 🖺 a 7

5+15

- a) 1. \(\beta a \) 2:e6 2. \(\beta h \) 2:d4 3. \(\beta h \) 2 4. \(\beta a \) 2 63#

A nice idea that a Rook visits all corners, ones as black and the other time as white, in the same order of moves. The idea is not new as I found a lot of examples but all in three moves and, of course, without Corner-to-Corner play. Could it be realized in a bit lighter position?

E43 – Special Prize FADIL ABDURAHMANOVIĆ Bosnia & Herzegovina



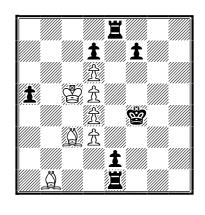
3 sol.

6+8

1.b:c2! ac5! (ag5?) 2.ac4 e4# 1.a:e6! ad6! (ad2?) 2.ae5 ae4# 1.a:e3! af6! (ac3?) 2.ad4 ae4#

Perfect cyclic Zilahi with mating moves to the same square which is occupied in the initial position with another white piece (w-w Umnov). The same mechanism was used in quoted problem but in a the heavier position with rough changes in twins. As E43 presents without twins with it. and avoidances additional dual preventing checks convinced me that it is so big improvement in all respects that it deserves a special recognition.

E22 – 1st Honorable Mention ZOLTAN LABAI Slovakia



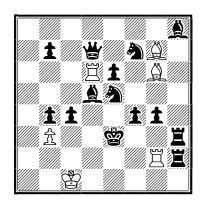
h#3

2 sol. b) b & d3 7+7

- - 1. \(\mathbb{E} \) e5 d:e5 2.f6 \(\Delta \) d2+ 3. \(\Delta : \) e5 d4#
- b) 1. \$\delta\$e4 \$\delta\$b6 2. \$\delta\$: \$\d5\$ \$\d5\$ \$\d5\$ \$\d5\$ \$\d5\$
 - 1. Ξ e6 d:e6 2. \triangle f5 \triangle :d3+ 3. \triangle :e6 d5#

Very nice setting with two pairs of solutions ending with model mates. One pair uses black Rook for blockings, and another pair for enabling black King to reach the final squares. Other nice details are direct mates by Bb1, and other two mates by opening P-B batteries.

E28 - 2nd Honorable Mention ANATOLY STEPOCHKIN



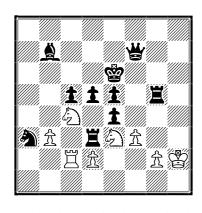
2 sol.

6+14

- 1.&c6! ($\&\sim$?) $\verb"Edd2"$ 2.&extime 2.<math>&extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 2 &extime 2 &extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 2 &extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 2 &extime 3 &extime 3
- 1. **dd ac2** 2. **ae3 a:c4**#

In two solutions white lines are open for active play, in the last solution both lines remain closed followed by the mate on two pinned black pieces.

E5 - 3rd Honorable Mention ALEKSANDR VARITSKY



h#3

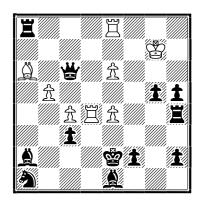
3 sol.

8+10

- 1.일:c2 일:e5 2.일:e5 f4+ 3.일d4 일:c2#
- 1. 耳:d2 名:d5 2. 空:d5 名a5 3. 堂e6 耳:d2#
- 1. \(\begin{aligned} 1. \(\beta \) : \(\ext{e}3 \) \(\beta \) : \(\delta \)

Cyclic Zilahi almost always deserves some recognition. This one accidentally appeared not long after the Kalotay JT award was published with many examples presenting the same idea but not the same combination ofsacrificed/mating white officers enriched with additional sacrifices in two solutions.

E3 - Commendation ANATOLY SKRIPNIK



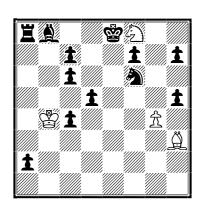
4 sol.

8+12

- 1.營:e4 (a) &b7 2.營:e6 (b) &g2 3.g4 (日h3?) 呂:e6#
- 1.堂:c4 (c) 昌c8 2.堂:b5 (d) 昌:c3 3.全b3 (&b1?) &:b5#
- 1.營:b5 (d) 罩b8 2.營:c4 (c) 罩b3 3.c2 &:c4#
- 1. □:e6 (b) &c8 2. □:e4 (a) &g4+ 3. □:e3 ≡:e4#

Black Queen clears the lines of white half-batteries in reciprocal order. Nice additional detail is w/b closing of black lines at b3 and g4 in the third move (although white should play there anyway).

E25 - Commendation VLADISLAV NEFYODOV



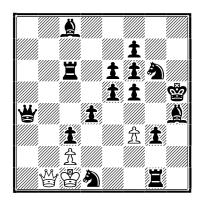
h#3

b) w & f8 c) w 罩 h3 4+12

- a) 1.\$a7 \$f1 2.0-0-0 \$:c4 3.\$b8 \$a6#
- b) 1.\$\d7 \&e7 2.\de8 g5+ 3.f5 g:f6 e.p.#
- c) 1.a1 = = a3 2. = e1 = :a8 3. = e7 = :b8#

A timeless Valladao task is always interested, this time by using replacements of white pieces in twins.

E35 – Commendation MIROSLAV SVÍTEK Czech Republic



2 sol.

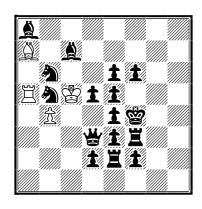
4+16

1.g2 增b4 2.鼻g3 增f8 3.增h4 增h6#(MM)

1. **2** b4 f4 2. **2** f8 **2** b5 3. **2** h6 **2** e2# (MM)

Another problem (like 4th Prize) presenting a play of black and white piece over the same squares, this time by Queens which are both present in a initial position.

E41 – Commendation KENAN VELIKHANOV Azerbaijan



h#4

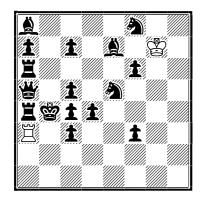
b) & d5→b3

4+16

- a) 1. 2 a 3!! 2: b 5 2. 2 c 8 4: e 3 3. 2: e 3 2 b 5 c 5 4. 3 f 4 3: a 3#
- b) 1.&b8!! \$\ddots\$:b6 2.\dd4 \$\dd4\$:e5 3.\ddys\$:e5 \$\ddys\$b6-c5 4. \$\ddas\$f5 \$\ddas\$:b8#

Active sacrifices with Zilahi and white King's switchbacks. A quoted problem is enriched by hideaways but in less economic position and additional captures of black knights which I don't take as an improvement.

E48 – Commendation ALEKSANDR SEMENENKO Ukraine

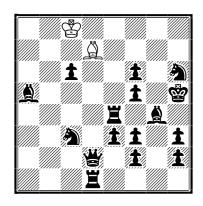


h#5 2+16

1.全fg6! (全f~?) 邑a1 2.邑a2! (邑4~?) 邑h1 3.營a3 邑h8 4.邑a4 邑:a8 5.a5 邑b8# (MM)

A combination of quadruple Bristol and white Corner-to-Corner maneuver.

E49 - Commendation VALERY SEMENENKO Ukraine

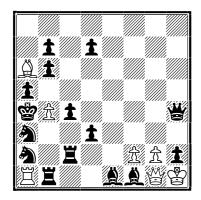


h#6 2+16

1.요d8! (요a~?) 요:f5! 2.ㅌe6! 요d3 3.ㅌe4+! 알:d8 4.요e6! 알e7 5.ㅌh4 알:f6 6.요g4! 요g6#

Reciprocal interferences of Rook and Bishop (Grimshaw) on e6 in one line of play, once for unpinning white Bishop, and the second time for enabling white King to cross e-line, followed by return of both black pieces.

E55 – Commendation ŽIVAN ŠUŠULIĆ Serbia



h#2 7+15

1.c:b3 e. p. f4 2. ac3 ad4#

A fresh idea, as author describes it: In the initial position there are 10 obstacles for 2.\dot{\psi}d4\dd{\psi}. Each black move in B1 and B2 liberates four and white two of them in W1.

Marko Klasinc, August 24, 2022