1
John Rice
Commended,
The Problemist, May 2020
\#2
$(11+8)$
1.Re3? (>2.Se2)
1....dxc4/Sxf4 2.Qe4/Qe5
1...Sc3! [2.Qe3? 2.Bf2?]
1.Re6!? (>2.Se2)
1...Sc3/dxc4 2.Bf2/Rd6
1...Sxf4! [2.Qe5?]
1.Re7!? (>2.Se2)
1...Sxf4 2.Qh8
1...dxc4! [2.Qe4?]

## 1.Rf2! (>2.Se2)

1...Sxf4/Sc3/cxb4 2.Rxf4/Qe3/Qe4

White anti-Bristol in which mates are changed as the wR moves up the board, obstructing the line of the wQ.


Entry from
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## 2

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6th hon.mention,
The Problemist, May 2020
\#2
(9+7)
1.Rb6? (>2.Qxb5)
1...Be8! [2.Qe6?]
1.Rc6? (>2.Rxd4)
1...Bh5! [2.Qe6?]
1.Rd6? (-)
1...Bd5 2.Bxd5
1...Be6! [2.Qe6?]

## 1.Rh5! (-)

1...Bd5/Be6/Bg8/Sb3/Sc6
2.Bxd5/Qxe6/hxg8Q/Qa4/Qa2

White anti-Bristol. The wR obstructs the line of the $w Q$ so that the $b B$ can defend on 3 different squares when the $Q$ loses control of e6.

1..Be6! [2.Qe6? -

Entry from
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## 3

John Rice
The Problemist, January 2021

\#2
(9+8)
1.exd7? (>2.Qd6)
1...Rd4/Sd4,d8/Qe8 2.Qxf7/Be7/dxe8S
1...Qf8!
1.e7? (>2.Qd6)
1...Sd8 2.e8S
1...Sd4!
1.exf7! (>2.Rg6)
1...Rc1/Qa1/Qg8/Se7 2.Qd6/f8Q/fxg8S/Bxe7

Threat correction, with the original threat returning after a significant defence. The $P$ making the tries and key promotes on different squares in the variation play

Entry from<br>John Rice<br>9 Manor Crescent<br>Surbiton KT5 8LG<br>Great Britain

## 4

John Rice
The Problemist, May 2021

\#2
(10+10)
1.Rb5? (>2.Qxd7 A)
1...Qa6,xb5/Qxa8,c6/Sxe6/Rd8/Rd6/Rd5
2.Rxd1 B/Qxc4 C/Re4/exd8Q/Qxd6/Qxd5
1...Sxb2!
1.Rb3? (>2.Rxd1 B)
1...Qxb3/Qxa8/Qc6/Sd~
2.Qxd7 A/Qxc4 C/Sxc6/Be3
1...h1Q!
1.Rb4! (>2.Qxc4 C)
1...Qxb4/Qa6/Qc6/Se3/Sxb2/Sxe6/Rd6/Rd5
2.Qxd7 A/Rxd1 B/Rxc4/Bxe3/Bxb2/Re4/ Qxd6/Qxd5

The lines of the $b Q$ are obstructed in 3 directions, with 3 different threats, each of which occurs as a variation mate in another phase.

Entry from
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9 Manor Crescent Surbiton KT5 8LG Great Britain

## 5

John Rice
Die Schwalbe, June 2021

\#2 $(9+10)$
1.Rc6? (>2.Qa4)
1...Qxc6/b5/Sxe2 2.Sxf5/Bc5/Sf3
1...Bxe2!
1.Rd6? (>2.Qxd5)
1...Qxd6/Qe6 2.Sxf5/Qa4
1...Bg2!
1.Re6? (>2.Sxf5)
1...Qxe6 2.Qa4
1...Bh3!

## 1.Rf7! (>2.Qh8)

1...Qe6/Qd6/Qc8/Sf3 2.Qa4/Sxf5/Qxd5/Sxf3

The lines of the $b Q$ are obstructed by the $w R$ in 4 different directions, with 3 tries each refuted by a move of the Bf1. After the key the 3 threats of the try-play return as variation mates. 4-direction obstructions of Black by White may not have been achieved before.

Entry from
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9 Manor Crescent Surbiton KT5 8LG Great Britain

## 6

John Rice
StrateGems, October 2021

\#2
$(13+5)$
1.c6? (>2.a8Q)
1...Qxc6/Qxb3+ 2.Bf7/Qxb3
1...Qxd6!
1.e6? (>2.Bf7)
1...Qxe6 2.a8Q
1...Qxb3+!
1.c4? (>2.Rg3)
1...Qxc4/Qf3 2.a8Q/Bf7
1...f4!
[1.f4? (-) b4!]

## 1.f3! (>2.Qg2)

1...Qc4/Qe4/Qxb3+ 2.a8Q/Bf7/Qxb3

The tries and key obstruct the bQ to NW, NE, SW and SE, a task perhaps not previously achieved.
The checking refutation is unavoidable in this setting.

Entry from
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